**End of week test for Cultural and Sport**

1. Who was Robert Dover 1
2. Explain the link between sport, games, festivals and culture using examples 2
3. Describe two reasons why festivals have suffered over the years 2
4. Name three festivals 3
5. Identify 3 reasons for festivals surviving over the years 3
6. Identify the characteristics of public schools 6
7. How did the public school values and games spread across the world 3
8. Explain how the role of an amateur has changed from Victorian times to today. 3
9. Explain what a professional approach to sport is using examples 3

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Answers

1. Founder of the Cotswold games in 1605, started again in 1963 to today
2. Sport is a reflection of the culture and its developed in. People will play games that suit them and the environment, e.g., mob football due to open space and no money for specialist kit (simple game, simple society).
3. Reformation, Puritanism, first world war, second world war, hooligans, danger to participants, industrialisation reducing some traditions.
4. Highland games, Lewes fireworks, Hobby horse festival, Dover’s Cotswold games.
5. Isolated, celebration, social, local, rowdy (drinking) tourism, annual, ritual.
6. PHASTIME
7. Through teacher, industrialists, vicars, ex public school boys spreading the values and rules through the British empire which covered a quarter of the globe.
8. An amateur was a gentleman who had a high social status and could afford to spend time away from work playing games. Today an amateur is someone who plays for the enjoyment and not for financial gain. They can have any social status.
9. This uses more reliable, serious and consistent methods, for example training by pro coaches 5 days a week or using a nutritionist.